EspirituChijullaand the Leonis Adobe:

Susan Kinkella's Sabbatical Proposal for Fall, 2011

Since 2007, I have been conducting research at the Leonis Adobe Museum in Calabasas. The Leonis of was built in the 1840's and survived the transformations of early California, ultimately being designated Los Angeles Historical Cultural Monument #1 in 1962. It is one of the few historic museums in Southern California still located today on its original land. I was immediately intrigued by the dramatic and extraordinary history of the Adobeand surrounding property'ssurvival during the tumultuous transitions from Spanish to Mexican and then American control. The history contained in the documents and artifacts associated with this building are of vital importance to studies of early California life, and I would like to have the opportunity to continue my work more thoroughly on a onsemester sabbatical

Asa professor of American Women's Histy and Native American History, I am especially interested in one of the Adobe's original ownersspiritu Chijulla. Chijulla was a Native American woman living during times of great transition and upheaval in California. She was born the daughter or Canumash chief named Odon Chijlulla and she was baptized in the Mission San Fernando in 1836. Odon Chijadaworked as a rancher on the lands of the Adobe, which were originally part of the San Fernando Mission. After the secularization of the Sanriando Mission, Odon was one of the few Native Americans to actually receive title to a land grand from the Mexican Governmentunder Governor Pio Picowhich Espirtu later inherited. After the death of Espiritu's firsthusband, she married Miguel Leonis 1860, which gave him title to t

several years of legal battles spiritueventually regained title to some of the lands in 1905. She died the following year.

Espiritu Chijulla's story has never been fully explored by historians, because she was not literate and therefore left no written primary source accounts of her life or perspectives. Nonetheless, the holdings of the Leonis Adobe include documents written by her friends and relatives, as well as legal documents and newspaper articles. With these tools, I will be able to reconstruct a history of a fascinatiand unique character. If granted a sabbatical I would also have the time to conduct additional researchon Espirituat the San Fernando Mission. Scholars have only recently begun to include adequate attention to the roles of indigenous women in the diverse history of California. Espiritu Chijulla is a woman that led a life worthy of such investigation and her story is one that should be shared in order to deepen our understanding of the ways women of California negotiated within and beyond the "appropriate" roles of gender and race. My sabbatical will allow adequate time to continue my research on this topic, culminating in a published work for the museum on Espirtu Chijulla's life and her significance in American History.

While my main focus of work has been to conduct independent research on the museum's primary source document collections, I also facilitated an internship with Moorpark College student Michelle Covelio 2008. Ms. Covello's internship was so successful that she was offered a permanent job aisohow the assistant curator at the museum. My association with the museum and Ms. Covello also enabled me to incorporate a service learning project into my History 7B course in the fall of 2009. My students had the valuable experience of working with the museum's primary document collections and holdingsThis project was highly successful and mutually beneficial for both Moorpark College and the Leonis Adobe Museum.

In addition to completing a published work on Espiritu Chijilla, th